$5.5 \mathrm{~V}, 6 \mathrm{~A}, 19 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ Dual Channel Load Switch

## General Description

The AME6206 is a small, low $R_{D S(O N)}$, dual-channel load switch with controlled turn on. The device contains two N -channel MOSFETs that can operate over an input voltage range of 0.8 V to 5.5 V and can offer a maximum continuous current of 6 A per channel. Each switch is independently controlled by an on and off input (EN1 and EN2), which can be driven directly by low-voltage control signals. In AME6206, a $220 \Omega$ on-chip load resistor is added for quick-output discharge when switch is turned off. It's available in a small, space-saving DFN-14A (3 x $2 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) package with thermal pad allowing for high power dissipation.

## Features

- Input Voltage Range: 0.8 V to 5.5 V
- Bias Voltage Supports: 2.5 V to 5.5 V
- Integrated Dual-Channel Load Switch
- Ultra low $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{DS}(\mathrm{ON})} 19 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ Per Channel
- 6A Maximum Continuous Current Per Channel
- Low Quiescent Current ( $72 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ )
- Thermal Protection
- Configurable Rise Time
- Quick Output Discharge (QOD)
- DFN-14A(3 x $2 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) Package with Thermal Pad


## Application

- Ultrabook, Notebooks and Netbooks
- Tablet PCs
- Consumer Electronics
- Set-top Boxes and Residential Gateways
- Telecom Systems
- Solid-State Drives (SSD)


## ■ Typical Application Schematic


$5.5 \mathrm{~V}, 6 \mathrm{~A}, 19 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$

## Function Block Diagram



## Pin Configuration

Top View
DFN-14A ( $3 \times 2 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}$ )


## - Pin Description

| Pin Name | Pin No. | I/O | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| IN1 | 1,2 | 1 | Power-switch 1 input. 0.8 V to BIAS voltage range for optimal $R_{\mathrm{DS}(\mathrm{ON})}$ is recommended. Place an optional decoupling capacitor between this pin and GND for reduce input voltage dip during turn on. |
| EN1 | 3 | 1 | Power-switch 1 control input. Active high is turn-on. Do not leave floating. |
| BIAS | 4 | 1 | Bias voltage input. Recommend voltage range ( 2.5 V to 5.5 V ) to supply the device. |
| EN2 | 5 | 1 | Power-switch 2 control input. Active high is turn-on. Do not leave floating. |
| IN2 | 6, 7 | 1 | Power-switch 2 input. 0.8 V to BIAS voltage range for optimal $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{DS}(\mathrm{ON})}$ is recommended. Place an optional decoupling capacitor between this pin and GND for reduce input voltage dip during turn on. |
| OUT2 | 8, 9 | 0 | Power-switch 2 output. |
| CT2 | 10 | 1 | Power-switch 2 slew-rate control. Capacitor must be rated for a minimum of 25 V for desired rise time performance. This pin can be left floating. |
| GND | 11 | - | Ground |
| CT1 | 12 | 1 | Power-switch 1 slew-rate control. Capacitor must be rated for a minimum of 25 V for desired rise time performance. This pin can be left floating. |
| OUT1 | 13, 14 | O | Power-switch 1 output. |

$5.5 \mathrm{~V}, 6 \mathrm{~A}, 19 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ Dual Channel Load Switch

Ordering Information

## AME6206-x x x <br>  <br> Number of Pins <br> Package Type <br> Pin Configuration

| Pin Configuration | Package Type | Number of Pins |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A: 1. IN1 | V:DFN | D:14 |
| 2. IN1 |  |  |
| 3. EN1 |  |  |
| 4. BIAS |  |  |
| 5. EN2 |  |  |
| 6. IN2 |  |  |
| 7. IN2 |  |  |
| 8. OUT2 |  |  |
| 9. OUT2 |  |  |
| 10. CT2 |  |  |
| 11. GND |  |  |
| 12. CT1 |  |  |
| 14. OUT1 |  |  |

$5.5 \mathrm{~V}, 6 \mathrm{~A}, 19 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ Dual Channel Load Switch

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter | Value | Unit |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Input Voltage (IN1, IN2) | -0.3 to +6 | V |
| BIAS Voltage (BIAS) | -0.3 to +6 | V |
| Output Voltage (OUT1, OUT2) | -0.3 to +6 | V |
| Enable Voltage (EN1, EN2) | -0.3 to +6 | V |
| Output Current (Continuous) | 6 | A |
| Output Current (Pulsed) (Note1) |  | 8 |
| ESD Ratings | HBM | $\pm 2000$ |

Note1: Maximum pulsed current switch per channel, pulse < $300 \mu \mathrm{~s}, 3 \%$ duty cycle.

## ■ Recommended Operation Conditions

| Parameter | Symbol | Value | Unit |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Input Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}$ | 0.8 to $\mathrm{V}_{\text {BIAS }}$ | V |
| BIAS Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {BIAS }}$ | 2.5 to 5.5 | V |
| Enable Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {EN }}$ | 0 to 5.5 | V |
| Ambient Temperature Range | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}$ | -40 to +85 |  |
| Junction Temperature Range | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}}$ | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Storage Temperature | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {STG }}$ | -40 to +125 |  |

## ■ Thermal Information

| Parameter | Package | Die Attach | Symbol | Maximum | Unit |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Thermal Resistance* <br> (Junction to Case) | DFN-14A | Conductive Epoxy | $\theta_{\mathrm{JC}}$ | 11 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |
| Thermal Resistance <br> (Junction to Ambient) | DFN-14A | Conductive Epoxy | $\theta_{\mathrm{JA}}$ | 45 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |
| Internal Power Dissipation | DFN-14A | Conductive Epoxy | $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{D}}$ | 2200 | mW |
| Lead Temperature (soldering 10 sec)** |  |  |  |  | 300 |
| ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |  |

[^0]** MIL-STD-202G210F
5.5V, 6A, 19m

## Electrical Specifications

$\mathrm{V}_{\text {BIAS }}=5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{IN} 1,2}=5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{J}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, unless otherwise specified.

| Parameter | Symbol | Test Condition | Min | Typ | Max | Units |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BIAS Pin Quiescent Current (Both Channels) | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{Q}}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{I}_{\text {OUT } 1,2}=0 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{BIAS}}=5 \mathrm{~V}, \\ \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{EN} 1,2}=5 \mathrm{~V} \end{gathered}$ |  | 72 | 96 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OUT} 1,2}=0 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{BIAS}}=2.5 \mathrm{~V}, \\ \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{EN} 1,2}=2.5 \mathrm{~V} \end{gathered}$ |  | 36 | 48 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| BIAS Pin Quiescent Current (Single Channel) | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{Q}}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{l}_{\text {OUT } 1,2}=0 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{BIAS}}=5 \mathrm{~V}, \\ \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{EN} 1}=5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{EN} 2}=0 \mathrm{~V} \end{gathered}$ |  | 60 |  | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OUT} 1,2}=0 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{BIAS}} & =2.5 \mathrm{~V}, \\ \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{EN} 1} & =2.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{EN} 2} \end{aligned}=0 \mathrm{~V},$ |  | 30 |  | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| BIAS Pin Shutdown Current | $I_{\text {SHDN_BIAS }}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{EN} 1}=0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{EN} 2}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 0.1 | 2 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| IN1, IN2 Pin Shutdown Current | $\mathrm{I}_{\text {SHDN_INX }}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{EN} 1}=0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{EN} 2}=0 \mathrm{~V} \\ \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{IN} 1,2}=0.8 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } 5 \mathrm{~V} \end{gathered}$ |  | 0.1 | 2 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| EN Pin Current | $I_{E N}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {EN } 1,2}=5.5 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 0.1 | 1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| ON Resistance | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{DS}(\mathrm{ON})}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{I}_{\text {OUT }}=200 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{BIAS}}=5 \mathrm{~V} \\ \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=0.8 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } 5 \mathrm{~V} \end{gathered}$ |  | 19 | 24 | $\mathrm{m} \Omega$ |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { I OUT }=200 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {BIAS }}=2.5 \mathrm{~V}, \\ \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=0.8 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } 2.5 \mathrm{~V} \end{gathered}$ |  | 20 | 25 | $\mathrm{m} \Omega$ |
| Output Discharge Resistance | $\mathrm{R}_{\text {DSG }}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {BIAS }}=5 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 220 | 290 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {BIAS }}=2.5 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 260 | 300 | $\Omega$ |
| EN Pin High Level | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {EN_H }}$ |  | 1.2 |  |  | V |
| EN Pin Low Level | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {EN_L }}$ |  |  |  | 0.6 | V |
| Thermal Shutdown Temperature | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {SD }}$ |  |  | 150 |  | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {SDHY }}$ |  |  | 30 |  | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

## Parameter Measurement Information



| Parameter | Symbol | Test Condition | Min | Typ | Max | Units |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {EN }}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {BIAS }}=5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Turn-on Time | Ton | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \Omega, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{T}}=1 \mathrm{nF}$ |  | 1210 |  | $\mu \mathrm{S}$ |
| Turn-off Time | Toff | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \Omega, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}, \mathrm{C}_{T}=1 \mathrm{nF}$ |  | 6 |  | $\mu \mathrm{S}$ |
| $V_{\text {Out }}$ Rise Time | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{R}}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \Omega, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}, \mathrm{C}_{T}=1 \mathrm{nF}$ |  | 1710 |  | $\mu \mathrm{S}$ |
| $V_{\text {Out }}$ Fall Time | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{F}}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \Omega, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}, \mathrm{C}_{T}=1 \mathrm{nF}$ |  | 7 |  | $\mu \mathrm{S}$ |
| ON Delay Time | T ${ }_{\text {D }}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \Omega, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{T}}=1 \mathrm{nF}$ |  | 190 |  | $\mu \mathrm{S}$ |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=0.8 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {EN }}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {BIAS }}=5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\text {A }}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Turn-on Time | Ton | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \Omega, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}, \mathrm{C}_{T}=1 \mathrm{nF}$ |  | 370 |  | $\mu \mathrm{S}$ |
| Turn-off Time | Toff | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \Omega, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{T}}=1 \mathrm{nF}$ |  | 9 |  | $\mu \mathrm{S}$ |
| $V_{\text {Out }}$ Rise Time | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{R}}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \Omega, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{T}}=1 \mathrm{nF}$ |  | 310 |  | $\mu \mathrm{S}$ |
| $V_{\text {Out }}$ Fall Time | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{F}}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \Omega, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}, \mathrm{C}_{T}=1 \mathrm{nF}$ |  | 5 |  | $\mu \mathrm{S}$ |
| ON Delay Time | T | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \Omega, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}, \mathrm{C}_{T}=1 \mathrm{nF}$ |  | 190 |  | $\mu \mathrm{S}$ |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=2.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {EN }}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {BIAS }}=2.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Turn-on Time | Ton | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \Omega, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{T}}=1 \mathrm{nF}$ |  | 2600 |  | $\mu \mathrm{S}$ |
| Turn-off Time | Toff | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \Omega, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}, \mathrm{C}_{T}=1 \mathrm{nF}$ |  | 11 |  | $\mu \mathrm{S}$ |
| $V_{\text {Out }}$ Rise Time | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{R}}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \Omega, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}, \mathrm{C}_{T}=1 \mathrm{nF}$ |  | 2600 |  | $\mu \mathrm{S}$ |
| $V_{\text {Out }}$ Fall Time | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{F}}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \Omega, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}, \mathrm{C}_{T}=1 \mathrm{nF}$ |  | 7 |  | $\mu \mathrm{S}$ |
| ON Delay Time | T | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \Omega, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{T}}=1 \mathrm{nF}$ |  | 800 |  | $\mu \mathrm{S}$ |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=0.8 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {EN }}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {BIAS }}=2.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Turn-on Time | Ton | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \Omega, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{T}}=1 \mathrm{nF}$ |  | 900 |  | $\mu \mathrm{S}$ |
| Turn-off Time | Toff | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \Omega, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}, \mathrm{C}_{T}=1 \mathrm{nF}$ |  | 7 |  | $\mu \mathrm{S}$ |
| $V_{\text {Out }}$ Rise Time | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{R}}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \Omega, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}, \mathrm{C}_{T}=1 \mathrm{nF}$ |  | 900 |  | $\mu \mathrm{S}$ |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {Out }}$ Fall Time | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{F}}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \Omega, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}, \mathrm{C}_{T}=1 \mathrm{nF}$ |  | 5 |  | $\mu \mathrm{S}$ |
| ON Delay Time | T ${ }_{\text {D }}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \Omega, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}, \mathrm{C}_{T}=1 \mathrm{nF}$ |  | 750 |  | $\mu \mathrm{S}$ |

### 5.5V, 6A, 19m <br> Dual Channel Load Switch

## - Application Information

## Input Capacitor (Optional)

Place a $1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ ceramic capacitor, $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{IN}}$ between IN and GND as close as possible to the pins to limit the voltage drop on the input supply caused by inrush current when the power switch turns on into a discharged load capacitor. Recommend to adopt an input capacitance about 10 times higher than output one to prevent from excessive voltage drop when switching heavy load.

## Output Capacitor (Optional)

Because of the body diode in NMOS, it is recommended to use a $\mathrm{C}_{\text {IN }}$ greater than $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}$. If a $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}$ is greater than $\mathrm{C}_{\mathbb{I N}}$, it will cause $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OUt }}$ to exceed $\mathrm{V}_{\mathbb{I N}}$ while the system supply is removed. This could result in current flow through the body diode from $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT }}$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}$. $A C_{I N}: C_{L}=10: 1$ is recommended for minimizing $V_{I N}$ dip caused by inrush currents during startup, however a 10:1 ratio for capacitance is not required for proper functionality of the device. If a ratio is smaller than 10 (such as 1), it will cause slightly more $\mathrm{V}_{\mathbb{I N}}$ dip upon turn on due to inrush currents. This can be mitigated by increasing the capacitance on the CT pin for a longer rise time (see the Adjustable Rise Time section).

## ON and OFF Control

The EN pins control the state of AME6206. Asserting EN pin high activates the switch. EN pin is active-high with a low threshold, making it capable of interfacing with low-voltage signals. The EN pin can be applied by standard GPIO logic threshold. It can be used with any microcontroller with 1.2 V or higher GPIO voltage. Do
not make the pin floating and must be tied either high or low for proper functionality.

## Quick Output Discharge (QOD)

When AME6206 is disabled, an internal discharge resistance is automatically connected between OUT and GND, thus discharge the remaining charge from the output. This resistance prevents the output from floating while the switch is disabled. For best results, it is recommended that AME6206 gets disabled before $\mathrm{V}_{\text {BIAS }}$ falls below the minimum recommended voltage.

Device Functional Modes

| EN | IN to OUT | OUT to GND |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $H$ | ON | OFF |
| $L$ | OFF | ON |

## Power Dissipation

The maximum IC junction temperature must be restricted to $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ under normal operating conditions. To calculate the maximum allowable power dissipation

$$
P_{D(\max )}=\frac{T_{J(\max )}-T_{A}}{\theta_{J A}}
$$

where

- $P_{D(\max )}$ is the maximum allowable power dissipation.
- $T_{J(\max )}$ is the maximum allowable junction temperature.
- $T_{A}$ is the ambient temperature of the device.
- $\theta_{\mathrm{JA}}$ is the junction to air thermal impedance. This parameter is highly dependent upon board layout.
5.5V, 6A, 19m Dual Channel Load Switch


## Application Information (Contd.)

## Adjustable Rise Time

Place a capacitor between CT pin and GND to set the rise time for each channel. To ensure desired performance, a capacitor with a minimum voltage rating of 25 V must be applied on either CT pins. An approximate formula for the relationship between CT and rise time is shown

Rise Time $(\mu \mathrm{S})=\left(\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{T}}+58\right)$ * $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT }} * 0.36+21$
It account for $10 \%$ to $90 \%$ measurement on $\mathrm{V}_{\text {out }}$ and do not apply for $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{T}}<100 \mathrm{pF}$. Use Table 1 to determine rise times for when $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{T}}=0 \mathrm{pF}$.
where $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{T}}$ is the capacitance value on the CT pin ( pF )
Rise time values measured on a typical device is shown as table. Rise times shown below are only valid for the power-up sequence where IN and BIAS are already in steady state condition, and the EN pin is asserted high.

Table 1. Rise Time Values

| $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{T}}(\mathrm{pF})$ | Rise Time ( $\mu \mathrm{s}$ ) $10 \% \sim 90 \%, C_{L}=0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{IN}}=1 \mu \mathrm{~F}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \Omega^{(1)}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 5V | 3.3V | 2.5 V | 1.8V | 1.5V | 1.2V | 1.05V | 0.8V |
| 0 | 126 | 97 | 79 | 66 | 59 | 50 | 44 | 37 |
| 220 | 498 | 341 | 268 | 182 | 167 | 131 | 121 | 100 |
| 470 | 971 | 641 | 482 | 345 | 291 | 236 | 201 | 162 |
| 1000 | 1869 | 1195 | 854 | 638 | 520 | 441 | 395 | 313 |
| 2200 | 4172 | 2643 | 1914 | 1405 | 1130 | 952 | 818 | 652 |
| 4700 | 8615 | 5534 | 4262 | 3032 | 2580 | 2107 | 1689 | 1366 |
| 10000 | 18003 | 11897 | 8911 | 6294 | 5278 | 4823 | 4640 | 3060 |

(1) Typical Values at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{V}_{\text {BIAS }}=5 \mathrm{~V}, 15 \mathrm{~V}$ X7R $10 \%$ Ceramic Cap
$5.5 \mathrm{~V}, 6 \mathrm{~A}, 19 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$

## Characterization Curve



Turn On Response Time


Turn On Response Time


Turn Off Response Time


Turn Off Response Time


Turn Off Response Time


## Characterization Curve (Contd.)


$\mathrm{V}_{\text {BIAS }}$ POR


Dual Channel $V_{\text {BIAS }} I_{Q}$ vs. $V_{\text {BIAS }}$


Turn Off Response Time


Enable ON/OFF Control


Single Channel IQ

$5.5 \mathrm{~V}, 6 \mathrm{~A}, 19 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$

## Characterization Curve (Contd.)



EN High vs. $\mathrm{V}_{\text {BIAs }}$

$\mathbf{R}_{\mathrm{DS}(\mathrm{ON})}$ vs. Temp


Pulldown Resistance vs. $\mathrm{V}_{\text {BIAS }}$

$R_{\text {DS(ON) }}$ vs. $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}$

$5.5 \mathrm{~V}, 6 \mathrm{~A}, 19 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ Dual Channel Load Switch

Characterization Curve (Contd.)

Dual Channel VBIAS
Quiescent Current vs. Temp


Single Channel $V_{\text {BIAS }}$
Quiescent Current vs. Temp

$5.5 \mathrm{~V}, 6 \mathrm{~A}, 19 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ Dual Channel Load Switch

Tape and Reel Dimension

DFN-14A (3 x $2 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}$ )


Carrier Tape, Number of Components Per Reel and Reel Size

| Package | Carrier Width (W) | Pitch (P) | Pitch (P0) | Part Per Full Reel | Reel Size |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DFN-14A | $8.0 \pm 0.1 \mathrm{~mm}$ | $4.0 \pm 0.1 \mathrm{~mm}$ | $4.0 \pm 0.1 \mathrm{~mm}$ | 3000 pcs | $180 \pm 1 \mathrm{~mm}$ |

$5.5 \mathrm{~V}, 6 \mathrm{~A}, 19 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$
AME6206

## Package Dimension

## DFN-14A (3 x $2 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}$ )



| SYMBOLS | MILLIMETERS |  | INCHES |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX |  |  |
| A | 0.700 | 0.800 | 0.028 | 0.031 |  |  |
| A1 | 0.000 | 0.050 | 0.000 | 0.002 |  |  |
| A2 | $0.203 R E F$ |  | $0.008 R E F$ |  |  |  |
| D | 1.900 | 2.100 | 0.075 | 0.083 |  |  |
| E | 2.900 | 3.100 | 0.114 | 0.122 |  |  |
| D1 | 0.700 |  | 1.000 | 0.028 |  | 0.039 |
| E1 | 2.400 | 2.600 | 0.094 | 0.102 |  |  |
| k | $0.150 \mathrm{MIN}$ |  | $0.0059 M I N$ |  |  |  |
| b | 0.130 |  | 0.230 | 0.005 |  | 0.009 |
| e | 0.400 TYP. |  | $0.016 T Y P$ |  |  |  |
| L | 0.224 |  | 0.400 | 0.009 |  | 0.016 |
| L1 | $0.110 R E F$ |  | $0.004 R E F$ |  |  |  |

## ■ Lead Pattern



## Note:

1. Dimensions in Millimeters.
2. General tolerance $\pm 0.05 \mathrm{~mm}$ unless otherwise specified
www.ame.com.tw
E-mail: sales@ame.com.tw

## Life Support Policy:

These products of AME, Inc. are not authorized for use as critical components in life-support devices or systems, without the express written approval of the president of AME, Inc.

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## Corporate Headquarter <br> AME, Inc.

8F-1, 12, WenHu St., Nei-Hu Dist.,
Taipei 114, Taiwan..
Tel: 8862 2627-8687
Fax: 8862 2659-2989


[^0]:    * Measure $\theta_{\mathrm{Jc}}$ on backside center of Exposed Pad.

